

**"SLAUGHTER-SALE" CASE****DISMISSED YESTERDAY IN THE MAYOR'S COURT OF PETERSBURG.****One of the Defendants Argues His Own Case Like a Veteran Lawyer—Other Cockade City Matters.**

PETERSBURG, VA., Nov. 27.—Special. The case of the city of Petersburg against Messrs. Oppenheimer & Co. clothiers of Baltimore, who have opened a branch store on Sycamore street, in this city, was called for examination in the Mayor's Court this morning. The charge against the firm was that of conducting a "slaughter sale" in violation of an ordinance recently passed by the City Council, requiring a license tax of \$100 per day for carrying on such a business. It was shown by the evidence adduced that Messrs. Oppenheimer & Co. had gotten both their State and city licenses before the new ordinance was passed, and that they had brought some of the goods here to be sold because they were overstocked in Baltimore. Mr. George Mason, the City Attorney, was present to represent the interest of the city, and Mr. A. L. Rosenau, the credit man of Oppenheimer & Co., appeared in the capacity of counsel for that firm. Mr. Rosenau, who questioned the witnesses and spoke like a veteran lawyer, stated that this was the first time he had ever appeared in court. After hearing the testimony of the witnesses and the argument, the Mayor stated that he would dismiss the charge, whereupon Mr. Mason took an appeal from the Mayor's decision. Mr. Mason stated that he would inform the Common Council of the decision in the case, and that they wished the appeal dismissed. He would have it disposed of in that way, otherwise he would take it to the Hustings Court.

The office of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, on Sycamore street, in this city, was broken into some time during last night. The entrance was effected through a rear window. The thief carried off a pair of blankets.

The Street Committee of this city and the committee appointed by the Board of Aldermen to look into the matter of the building of the stone foundation for the new iron bridge to be built across the Appomattox river, met to-day. It was found that the City Engineer, Mr. S. H. Hunt, had not exceeded his authority in giving out the work, and that the rate to be paid for the work was very low. The City Engineer stated that if any local stone mason would build the bridge for \$3.50 per yard, the price paid the City Engineer, they could call on him and get a job.

An alleged gambling house on Old street near the Old Market, kept by a negro named Jack Brown, was raided last night by the police, and Brown, with twelve other negroes and a white man, were arrested. The parties were before the Mayor this morning. Brown was fined \$50, and the other negroes were fined \$5 and costs each. The others were discharged.

Fourteen weeks ago Mr. M. Elkan, with his wife and three children, arrived here from Brunswick, Ga., to escape the yellow fever. He and his family will leave to-morrow for their home.

The report of Health Officer Robinson for the month ending November 26th, shows that there have been thirty-two deaths in Petersburg during that month. Twenty white and thirty-two colored. There were twelve deaths under one year of age, and none over seventy. Rate of mortality. Whole population, 24,960. For 1,000 per annum, where colored 23.52.

The two men giving their names as May and Stern, who are wanted in Richmond by some of their creditors, are said to have done some "sleek" work here in the city. They were in the city about a month selling a sheet for 10 cents per copy, promising each buyer, when copies to the amount of \$5 had been sold, the purchaser would receive a machine box valued at \$20. Quite a large number of our citizens were swindled by the sharpers.

Last evening Richard Banks, a negro, escaped from the county jail of Prince George by breaking through the floor of his cell, and escaping through the back wall. Banks was awaiting trial at the next term of the county court for robbing the residence of Mr. W. O. Perkins of several articles of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Perkins.

**TIDEWATER ASSOCIATION.**  
A New Agricultural Organization in Essex County—Its Officers.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., Nov. 27.—Special.—An organization known as the Tidewater Stock and Agricultural Association has recently been organized in Essex county by the election of the following officers: J. B. Crockett, president; E. W. Krier, and P. S. Hunter, vice-presidents; Charles Newbell, secretary; M. B. Wright, treasurer. The association will meet at Tappahannock, December 15th.

The prospects for the much talked of railroad through the Northern Neck do not seem to be brightening, but telephone lines are being built and extended, affording communication between various points, which is a great benefit to the people of that favored section.

Mrs. Captain John Sears died Thursday, after a short illness, at her home in Westmoreland county.

Messrs. J. B. Jones, A. P. Rowe, Jr., Henry Millhouser, Captain S. J. Quinn, Captain R. B. Berrey, and M. B. Rowe have been elected delegates from Masonic Lodge No. 4, of this city, to the annual convention of the Virginia, which convenes in the Masonic Temple, Richmond, December 5th.

**Meteorological Conditions.**  
LYNCHBURG, VA., Nov. 26.—The Chief of the Weather Bureau reports the publication of the following data, compiled from the record of observations for the month of December, taken at this station for a period of twenty-two years. It is believed that the facts thus set forth will prove of interest to the public, as well as the special student, showing, as they do, the average and extreme conditions of the more important meteorological elements and the range within which such variations may be expected to keep during any corresponding month.

Temperature.—Mean or normal temperature, 49 degrees. The warmest December was that of 1887, with an average of 51 degrees. The coldest December was that of 1872, with an average of 31 degrees. The highest temperature during any December was 73 degrees on the 23d and 26th, 1889. The lowest temperature during any December was 6 degrees on the 21st, 1888.

Precipitation (rain and melted snow).—Average for the month, 3.58 inches. Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, ten. The greatest monthly precipitation was 11.4 inches in 1888. The least monthly precipitation was 0.51 inches in 1889. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 3.11 inches on December 15th and 16th, 1878. The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in twenty-four consecutive hours (record extending to winter of 1884-5) was 7.9 inches on December 4th and 5th, 1885.

Clouds and weather.—Average number of cloudless days, 11. Average number of partly cloudy days, 9. Wind.—The prevailing winds have been from the northwest. The highest velocity of the wind during any December was 46 miles on December 18th, 1880.

**LOOKING FOR LING GUN.**  
The Officers Determined to Find Him, Dead or Alive—Knox Killed.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Nov. 27.—Special.—The Asheville foot-ball team will play the Knoxville on Thanksgiving-Day. It is believed a large crowd from this place will

attend the game, which is to occur in Knoxville.

W. F. Randolph, of this place, has organized a searching party at Paint Rock, Tenn., who will scour Bushy Mountain looking for the Chinaman, Ling Gun, who was murdered here. Ling Gun was killed near there a short time since. Ling Gun was last seen making his way into the forest that covers this mountain. It is only the remotest possibility that he can be alive. If he has had no shelter during the cold spell of the past week, the Board of Aldermen appropriated the sum of \$50 to aid in the search. Mr. Randolph proposes to remain in the mountains until the Chinaman or his dead body is discovered.

Rev. Dr. Thomas H. Hume, of the University of North Carolina, preached an able sermon to a large congregation at the First Baptist church yesterday.

At yesterday's session of the Conference of the American Methodist Episcopal Church, Dr. C. T. Schaffer, Rev. P. W. Worthington, Professor John R. Hawkins, Rev. A. L. Gaines, and J. A. Brackett made interesting addresses. Bishop M. B. Walters, of South Carolina, is now in attendance upon the conference.

**FROM THE ASSOCIATION.**  
It Continues to Be a Centre of Attraction for Young Men.

The meeting held for young men at the Association building on Sunday afternoon was attended by a large number of young men. The singing was conducted by General Secretary George P. Tibbitts, while Mr. W. Reginald Walker played the accompaniment on the piano. A male quartette, consisting of Messrs. W. W. Turner, Robert A. Minor, W. Reginald Walker, and Vivian R. Farrar, also sang a hymn, and State Secretary H. O. Williams delivered a stirring address, using as his subject "Resolutions and Actions." He spoke of the prodigal son of the New Testament, whom he compared with the young men of to-day who are spending their substance in riotous living.

An entertainment was given in the parlors of the building last evening under the auspices of the leaders and the lady members of the gymnasium. The programme opened with "My Old Kentucky Home," by the male quartette, followed by Miss Pettigrew with a recitation, ladies' quintette rendered some sweet music on mandolins, guitars, and violins.

Mr. Wallace Bruce Laughton reaped well-deserved applause for the singing of the comic song, "The Great East River while Mr. M. J. Shackelford entertained his audience with selections on the piano. Recitations were also given by Miss A. F. Adams and Miss Tuxter, while Mr. C. W. Anderson executed a banjo medley, closed by himself.

At the close of the entertainment refreshments were served in the directors' room.

**THE BOARD OF STATE CANVASSERS.**  
Total Vote for Attorney-General—The Senate and House.

The Board of State Canvassers met in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth yesterday at 10 o'clock, as prescribed by law, to canvass the returns of the election held on November 23d, for Attorney-General and members of the General Assembly.

The total vote for Attorney-General is as follows: Scott (Dem.), 13,591; Gravelly (Rep.), 8,113; Kegley (Prob.), 6,548. The return from Bath county gave J. Brad, 2675 votes, and there are 4 scattering votes.

The result of the board's work makes no change in the list of members of the General Assembly as published in The Times, and the recapitulation is as follows:

In the Senate, 33 Democrats and 2 Populists.

In the House of Delegates, 89 Democrats, 19 Populists, and 1 Independent.

The Democratic caucus will have 121 members, and with a full attendance, 63 will be necessary for a choice in the selection of State officers and a United States senator.

The total vote of Virginia for President of the United States in November of last year was 22,527, 34,988 less than this year's vote, which is smaller than the white registered vote of the State, exclusive of the colored vote.

**Pickett Camp.**  
The Pickett Camp held their regular business meeting at Central Hall last night.

Two new members were elected and a sum was voted by the camp for the aid of the General Assembly of the Young Men's Christian Association next Friday night by the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union.

A committee was appointed to confer with the Inaugural Committee as to what the camp should do.

The meeting was well-attended.

**Business Court.**  
The following cases were tried in the Hustings Court before Judge Witt:

William Tyler (colored) was found guilty of malicious assault, and sent to the penitentiary for one year.

Alexander Claiborne (colored) was sent to jail for one month, and fined one cent for unlawful assault.

The jury was then discharged for the term.

**The Number Increases.**  
The number of candidates for the office of adjutant-general is still increasing. Dr. Dancy H. Maury is the latest aspirant who has announced himself as such.

**The Three-Ball Men.**  
Editor Times: As the prospects for a severe winter and the scarcity of employment make it certain that many persons in moderate circumstances in the city will be forced to patronize the saloons, I wish to call your attention to the outrageous charges now exacted by them. I saw a ticket to-day, showing a loan of \$1.25, for which a charge of 25 cents, or 20 per cent. for one month, had been exacted. Can you induce some members of the Legislature to offer a bill repealing these charges? I know that in the city of Baltimore the poor are protected by a law limiting the charges to 2-1/2 per cent. per month. Why can we not copy this law?

Summer Weakness, that tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous exhaustion, like mist, low the mind, and rob the body of the benefit of this great medicine, to give it a trial.

**Sure, efficient, easy—Hood's Pills.**  
At Craig's Academy of Fine Arts, 114 East Broad street, have received over 500 pictures consigned by two of the largest New York houses. They embrace about 200 Artist Proof Etchings, Water Colors, Pastels, Imported Photos, Steel Engravings, and are to be sold during the holidays at 20 per cent. less than retail price. Come early before the rush. Also, a complete stock of Artists' Materials.

**Foot-Ball November 30th.**  
For this occasion the Richmond and Danville railroad will sell round-trip tickets from Raleigh, Greensboro, Danville, and Richmond and return, at greatly reduced rates.

**JOHN M. BEALL, T. P. A.,**  
Richmond, Va.  
Job Lot here.

75c. 31, and 12.5c. The \$1.50 shoes now \$1.25. All shoes in the house at a reduction. Your chance to get the best shoes at low prices. Bridal slippers, trunks, and satchels.

**E. H. SPENCE,**  
Shoe and Trunk House,  
wrong side Broad corner Eighth.

**THEY LAUGH AT LAW.****ABOUT BORDER RUFFIANS IN EAST OREGON.****The Darling Gangs Somewhat Cowed by the Nervy Work of a District Attorney.**

Strange as it may seem border out-lawry in its most aggravated form still prevails in eastern Oregon. Regularly organized gangs whose daring equals that of the James or Dalton boys, and whose system of operations is infinitely superior, pursue their nefarious business in open defiance of the law, and, according to the Portland Oregonian, even threaten to kill officers of the law who have ventured to prosecute them. Five years ago these gangs were more numerous than at present, and they terrorized the good citizens of the eastern section of the State without fear of consequences. In vain did the district attorneys and other officers attempt to bring them to justice. All their efforts were futile, for even when they captured the outlaws and had him duly arraigned the injured party, fearful of the threats of his companions, would refuse to prosecute him. This was the state of affairs when Charles F. Hyde, of Baker City, was elected prosecuting attorney. Hyde, of the Sixth Judicial District, which extends from the Columbia river to the Nevada border, and comprises seven counties—Umatilla, Union, Wallawa, Baker, Malheur, Grant, and Harney, is the largest as well as the most lawless district in the State. When Mr. Hyde went into office the district was overrun with desperadoes of all classes. He immediately began a war of extermination against them, as shown by the fact that he sent 287 criminals to the penitentiary before his first term expired. It was he who prosecuted the notorious Pan Tarter, the Union county desperado, in Union, when he was the criminal's follower, armed to the teeth, were ranged around the court-room, and declared that they would kill the district attorney, the judge, the State's witnesses, and clean out the entire court-room if their leader was not acquitted. Hand him, and we will show the district attorney how we do business in Eagle Valley, and you can tell him so," was his threat to Sheriff Jolles.

Hyde, however, was not daunted by the threat to execution, and he placed a guard on Mr. Hyde. Several armed desperadoes were constantly in the court-room and kept a watch on Tarter's folk, and his followers, and they followed him, and did not leave him until he was safe in his hotel. In turn they were dogged by the outlaws, who wanted to "git that darned infernal lawyer up a back street and shoot him." Hyde, however, was not daunted by the threat to kill the State's witnesses, but, notwithstanding this, Tarter was convicted and his followers were notified to leave town or they, too, would be into trouble.

Harney county has an organization called the One Hundred and One Society, which has so thoroughly terrorized the community that it is impossible to secure a conviction there. The strongest evidence has no effect on the jury, and persons clearly guilty are acquitted in a very short space of time. District Attorney Hyde has received many anonymous letters, presumably from this society, with pieces of rope six inches in length inclosed, and stating that there will be a "necktie party" if he insists upon trying to prosecute criminals in that county. Two years ago a letter of this kind was sent to the Lux & Miller Cattle Company, which owns 8,000 or 10,000 acres of land and as many head of cattle in the eastern part of the State, was murdered and his body was found in a fence corner with four bullets in his brain and as many more in his heart. The grand jury returned an indictment against the murderer, but no information could be secured.

Three years ago Dave Shirk stood in his own doorway and shot a man who was standing within ten yards of his house. The body lay there three days before it was buried. Shirk was indicted and tried by a jury composed of the One Hundred and One element, and was acquitted in fifteen minutes.

For years Baker county was the home of the notorious McCarthy gang, consisting of Tom and Bill, brothers, and Eck and Fred, sons of Bill, and numerous followers. Tom and Fred were recently killed by Simpson, a Del Norte desperado, having broken the bank there. He was a character in his way. He had received his education in the mining camps of the Rocky Mountains, and it was a recognized fact that nobody could get the best of him. He could pull a gun and fill a man full of lead before the swiftest cowboy in the country would be ready to shoot. As a trick shot he had no equal. Then an officer came along and arrested him once, an exhibition of coolness that made his hair fairly stand on end. Placing the ace of clubs on the wall, he stood at a distance of thirty feet, drew his revolver, twirled it around his head, and fired, hitting the ace and riddled the ace with bullets. Not one hit the white part of the card. Not one did he touch the trigger, contenting himself with pulling the hammer back with his thumb and letting it go. Then he tossed his hat twenty feet in the air, and plucked it with six bullets before it touched the ground.

Tom McCarthy arrived in Baker City eight years ago with about \$30,000, which he had made in the mining camps. It is supposed that he got the money by robbing a bank and went to Baker City with the intention of beginning a new life. Gambling, however, was his passion, and he charged no less than \$100 a tier, and one night arose from a faro table after having lost his last dollar. Several bank robberies occurred, and the State bank increased with surprising rapidity. Hyde, however, was not daunted by the threat to kill the State's witnesses, but, notwithstanding this, Tarter was convicted and his followers were notified to leave town or they, too, would be into trouble.

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turned out to agents outside the county at night, concealed themselves, and the next day, and returned to their homes the following morning. As all were considered respectable citizens, their absence did not alarm anyone, and their return, finding enabled them to avoid suspicion for years. In 1884-5 they operated so extensively that the stockmen organized a protective association, and apparently stopped horse and cattle stealing. The thieves, seeing that they were on the verge of ruin, joined the association under false colors and captured it, driving all the respectable stockmen out. They controlled it until they had driven out all the respectable members, and then they turned it into a tool of obedience to their leaders' commands on pain of death and to kill traitors without compunction. So far as known death was never dealt out to any one.

**RATES OF DUTY.**  
Sims of the Principal Articles Named in the New Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Following are some of the rates of duties named in the bill and the rates of duty imposed: Alcohol, 20 per cent.; champagne, 25 per cent.; brandy, 25 per cent.; rum, 25 per cent.; gin, 25 per cent.; whiskey, 25 per cent.; wine, 25 per cent.; beer, 25 per cent.; stout, 25 per cent.; malt, 25 per cent.; hops, 25 per cent.; sugar, 25 per cent.; molasses, 25 per cent.; coffee, 25 per cent.; tea, 25 per cent.; spices, 25 per cent.; fruits, 25 per cent.; vegetables, 25 per cent.; cereals, 25 per cent.; oil, 25 per cent.; soap, 25 per cent.; paper, 25 per cent.; cloth, 25 per cent.; leather, 25 per cent.; metal, 25 per cent.; glass, 25 per cent.; wood, 25 per cent.; stone, 25 per cent.; brick, 25 per cent.; tiles, 25 per cent.; marble, 25 per cent.; granite, 25 per cent.; slate, 25 per cent.; iron, 25 per cent.; steel, 25 per cent.; copper, 25 per cent.; brass, 25 per cent.; zinc, 25 per cent.; tin, 25 per cent.; lead, 25 per cent.; silver, 25 per cent.; gold, 25 per cent.; 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